

# shopping list for needed supplies

- □ appropriately sized habitat
- $\square$  book about aquatic turtles
- □ commercial aquatic turtle food
- $\square$  treats
- □ substrate
- □ heat light
- ☐ heat fixture
- □ under tank heater
- □ UVB lighting
- □ vitamin supplement
- □ calcium supplement
- □ cricket keeper
- □ cricket food
- □ thermometer
- ☐ humidity gauge

#### sources

Ask an associate about Petco's selection of books on Red-Eared Sliders and the variety of Petco Brand products available for the care and happiness of your new pet. All Petco Brand products carry a 100% money-back guarantee.

Because all turtles are potential carriers of infectious diseases, such as Salmonella, always wash your hands before and after handling your turtle and/or habitat contents to help prevent the potential spread of diseases.

Pregnant women, children under the age of 5 and people with weakened immune systems should contact their physician before purchasing and/or caring for a turtle and should consider not having a turtle as a pet. Go to the Centers for Disease Control at cdc.gov/healthypets/ for more information about turtles and disease. Go to petco.com/caresheet to download other helpful Care Sheets.

This care sheet can cover the care needs of other species. See petco.com for more information.

# Red-Eared Slider

trachemys scripta elegans



# **Care Sheet**

Originating in North America, the Red-Eared Slider is named for the distinctive red streak on each side of its face. The Red-Eared Slider is primarily aquatic and will emerge from the water for basking.

#### **Red-Eared Slider facts:**

average adult size: 6 to 12 inches long

average life span: 20-40 years

with proper care

diet: omnivore

Will reach adult size in 12-18 months under ideal conditions; upgrade habitat size as your turtle grows.

**Note:** The information in this Care Sheet is not a substitute for veterinary care. If you need additional information, please refer to the sources on the following page or contact your veterinarian as appropriate.



Developed with and approved by a qualified veterinarian.



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#### diet

A well-balanced Red-Eared Slider diet consists of:

- Non-toxic aquatic plants (anachris, water lettuce), dark leafy veggies and sliced veggies such as squash and carrots.
- Comet goldfish, earthworms and insects may be offered as treats.
- Red-Eared Sliders need a pelleted commercial diet.

### feeding

Things to remember when feeding your Red-eared Slider:

- Fresh, clean, chlorinefree water should be available at all times.
- Feed juveniles daily, adults every other day.
- Consider a separate feeding tank as aquatic turtles are messy eaters.
- Sprinkle food with calcium supplement daily and a multi-

vitamin supplement once or twice a week.

### housing

- Size appropriate size habitat, at least a 40 gallon breeder tank with a screened lid so the turtle can't escape. A good rule of thumb is 10 gallons per inch of turtle; adult turtles will require more room.
- Habitat aquatic turtles drink the water they swim in, so it needs to be changed frequently.
- Substrate slate, rock, or a large smooth gravel, too large to eat. is optional; water for swimming area; some aquatic turtles require a shallow area they can rest in the water with their head sticking out. Red Ears require a turtle dock area to bask out of the water, other turtles require dry land areas outside of the water: create slopes for easy entry and exit to water.

- Temperature temperature gradient (95°F for the warm end/basking area and 75°F for the cool end/ water); recommend radiant heat; use an incandescent light or ceramic heater as primary heat source.
- Lighting UVB rays with full spectrum lighting for 10-12 hours a day is required; incandescent lighting is needed for basking area.
- House adult aquatic turtles alone and do not house different turtle species together.

#### normal behavior

- Turtles do not like frequent handling and may bite when frightened.
- Aquatic turtles are excellent swimmers.
- Turtles will bask regularly under a heat lamp in a dry, warm area.

### habitat maintenance

• Thoroughly clean the habitat at least once a week: place turtle in a secure habitat; scrub the tank and furnishings with a 3% bleach solution; rinse thoroughly with water, removing all traces of bleach smell. Add clean, dechlorinated water, with a temperature range from 70-75°F before returning turtle.

## grooming & hygiene

Keep the habitat clean and remove uneaten food and feces right away.

### signs of a healthy animal

- · Active and alert
- · Eats regularly
- Healthy, hard shell with no lesions
- Clear, bright eyes with no swelling
- Healthy skin with no sores
- · Clear nose and vent

#### red flags

- eye, nose, or mouth discharge
- discolored, bumps or spots on shell or skin
- lethargic
- frantic swimming
- · abnormal feces
- sneezing, runny nose

If you notice any of these signs, please contact your exotic animal veterinarian.

#### common health issues

Health Issue	Symptoms or Causes	Suggested Action
	possibly diarrhea and anal	Consult your exotic animal veterinarian as soon as possible.
infection	Open mouth breathing, eye nose and/or mouth discharge; sneezing. Can be caused by a cold habitat.	Consult your exotic animal veterinarian and ensure habitat is appropriately warm.
	Swollen eyes; may be caused by a vitamin A deficiency.	Consult your exotic animal veterinarian and ensure daily cleanings and/or diet changes.
Eye or respiratory infection		Consult your exotic animal veterinarian and use a vitamin supplement.